

## WELCOME!

THE DOPING CONTROL PROCESS

Including testing procedures (urine and blood) and Athlete Biological Passport (ABP)





## SIMULTANEOUS TRANSLATION

مع الترجمة الفورية للغة العربية С русским переводом Traducción en simultáneo en español Traduction simultanée en français 普通话同声传译











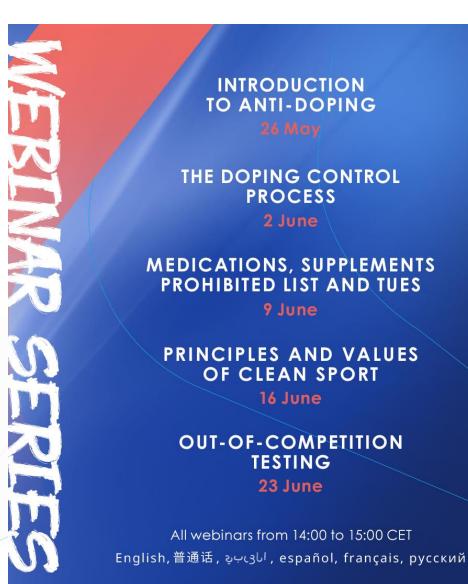






## A FIVE-WEEK COURSE





## PARTICIPATION CERTIFICATES







# TODAY'S AGENDA THE DOPING CONTROL PROCESS

01.

DEFINITIONS AND KEY ROLES

03.

SAMPLE COLLECTION – URINE 05.

SAMPLE COLLECTION – BLOOD 07.

**ABP** 

02.

KEY STEPS OF DOPING CONTROL 04.

COMMON SCENARIOS 06.

THE DOPING CONTROL FORM

08.

Q&A



# BY THE END OF TODAY'S SESSION, YOU SHOULD....

- Be familiar with key doping control terms and roles
- Understand the key steps of Doping Control
- Know athlete rights and responsibilities during sample collection
- Have a good overview of the urine and blood sample collection process and the Doping Control Form
- Be aware of common circumstances and case scenarios such as delays, partial and diluted sample





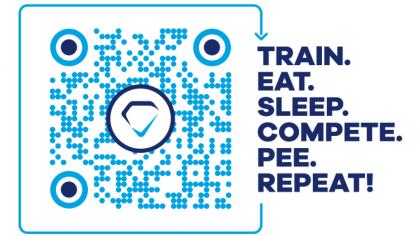
## POLL QUESTION 1

Which of the following taglines has the ITA used in our education campaigns?

- ☐ Born to pee wild
- □ To pee or not to pee, it's not a question.
- ☐ Train. Eat. Sleep. Compete. Pee. Repeat!
- ☐ Keeping Sport Real
- □ None of the above
- ☐ All of the above







**#KEEPINGSPORTREAL** 

# TO PEE OR NOT TO PEE, IT'S NOT A QUESTION

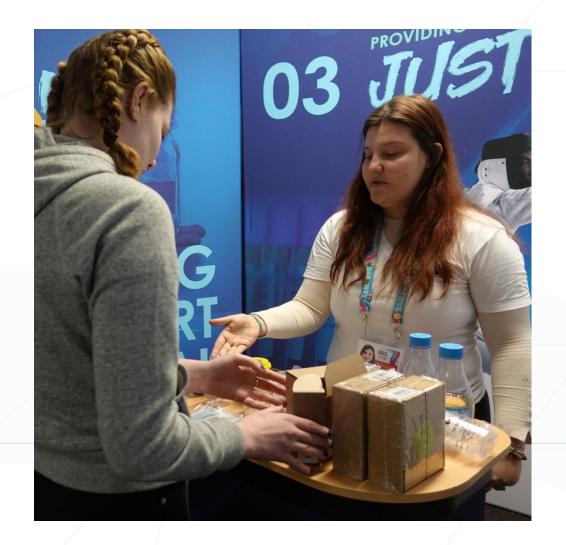
**#KEEPINGSPORTREAL** 



### WHAT IS DOPING CONTROL?



All steps and processes from test distribution planning through to ultimate disposition of any appeal and the enforcement of Consequences, including all steps and processes in between, including but not limited to, Testing, investigations, whereabouts, TUEs, Sample collection and handling, laboratory analysis, Results Management and investigations or proceedings relating to violations of Article 10.14.



WADA Code, Appendix 1, Definitions

#### KEY ROLES AND TERMS IN DOPING CONTROL





#### **Doping Control Officer (DCO)**

An official trained and authorised to collect a urine sample from an athlete.



#### **Blood Collection Officer (BCO)**

An official qualified and authorised to collect a blood sample from an athlete.



#### Chaperone

An official trained and authorised to carry out specific duties such as notification, accompanying and verifying the sample provision.



#### **Doping Control Form (DCF)**

The official form the athletes complete during the doping control process.



#### **Doping Control Station (DCS)**

A location where the sample collection is carried out.







What is the correct order of the key steps of the Doping Control Process?

- □ Selection, Notification, Sample Collection, Form Completion, Chain of Custody, Analysis, Results Management
- □ Selection, Form Completion, Notification, Sample Collection, Chain of Custody, Analysis, Results Management
- Notification, Selection, Sample Collection, Form Completion, Chain of Custody, Analysis, Results Management
- □ Selection, Notification, Sample Collection, Form Completion, Chain of Custody, Analysis, Results Management

### KEY STEPS OF THE DOPING CONTROL PROCESS









**ATHLETE** 

NOTIFICATION







FORM COMPLETION



CHAIN OF CUSTODY



LAB ANALYSIS



RESULTS MANAGEMENT

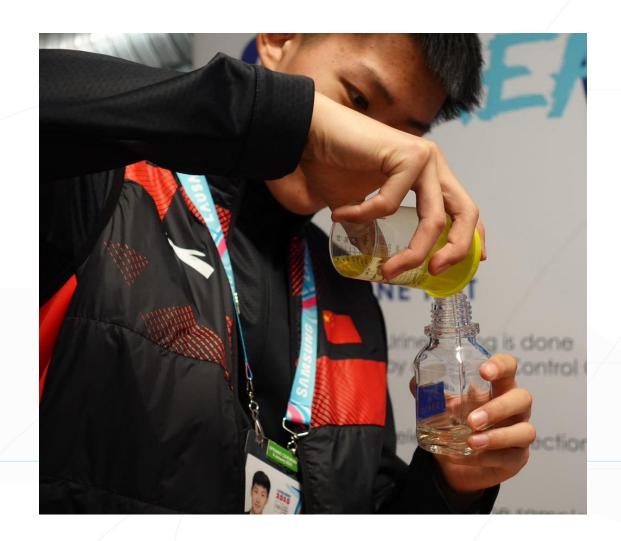


### WHO CAN TEST ATHLETES?

- National Anti-Doping Organisations (NADOs)
- International Federations (IFs)
- Major Event Organisers (MEOs)
- Delegated third parties like the International Testing Agency (ITA)

### WHO CAN BE TESTED?

Any athlete jurisdiction of an Anti-Doping Organisation (ADO) and subject to their anti-doping rules



















**ATHLETE** 

**SAMPLE** NOTIFICATION COLLECTION

**FORM** COMPLETION **CHAIN OF CUSTODY** 

LAB **ANALYSIS** 

**RESULTS MANAGEMENT** 

## **ATHLETE SELECTION**









BASED ON PERFORMANCE ON THE FIELD OF PLAY

RANDOM SELECTION TARGETED FOR A SPECIFIC REASON





**ATHLETE SELECTION** 



ATHLETE NOTIFICATION



SAMPLE COLLECTION



FORM COMPLETION



CHAIN OF CUSTODY



LAB ANALYSIS



RESULTS MANAGEMENT

## **NOTIFICATION**





# ATHLETES' RESPONSIBILITIES DURING DOPING CONTROL



- Report for testing immediately if selected
- Show valid identification
- Remain in direct sight of DCO or Chaperone
- Comply with the sample collection procedure



# ATHLETES' RIGHTS DURING DOPING CONTROL



- Have a representative with you
- Request an interpreter, if available
- Ask for Chaperone's/DCO's identification
- Ask any questions
- Request special assistance or modifications for valid reasons
- Record any comments or concerns on the form
- Request a delay for valid reasons

### VALID REASONS TO DELAY TESTING



- X Attending a victory ceremony
- Finishing a training session or competing in further events
- Receiving necessary medical attention
- X Fulfilling media commitment
- Warming down







Select all the correct statements from the list below.

There is more than one correct answer.

- ☐ An athlete can refuse to be tested if a Doping Control Officer is unable to produce valid identification.
- ☐ An athlete can request physical assistance if they are injured.
- □ Ultimately, the Doping Control Officer decides whether the request to delay testing is valid.
- ☐ An athlete can only request a delay during an in-competition doping control.
- An athlete can leave the Doping Control Station unattended if the Doping Control Officer allowed them to delay testing.









ATHLETE NOTIFICATION





FORM COMPLETION



CHAIN OF CUSTODY



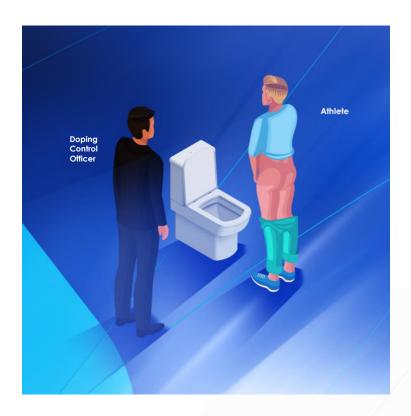
LAB ANALYSIS



RESULTS MANAGEMENT

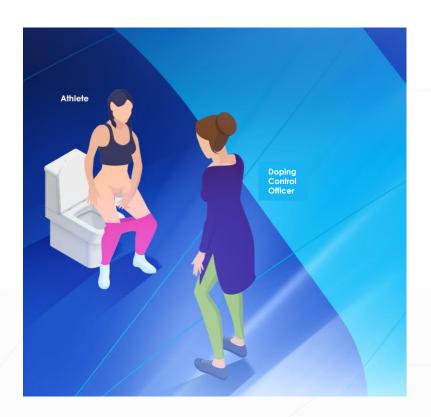
### URINE SAMPLE COLLECTION





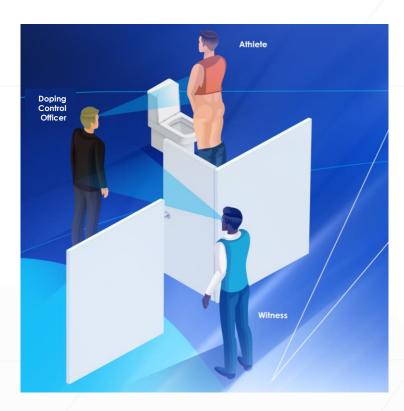
## SAMPLE COLLECTION FROM A MALE ATHLETE

The Doping Control Officer stands to the side of the athlete.



SAMPLE COLLECTION FROM
A FEMALE ATHLETE

The Doping Control Officer stands in front of the athlete.



## SAMPLE COLLECTION WITH AN ACCOMPANYING PERSON

The Doping Control Officer (DCO) watches the athlete.
The witness watches the DCO.



## URINE SAMPLE COLLECTION



# URINE SAMPLE COLLECTION: PARTIAL SAMPLE

- Athletes must provide at least 90mL of urine during sample collection
- Anything below 90mL is considered a partial sample
- ✓ Important to produce enough urine as labs test for nearly 200 substances
- The B bottle must have sufficient urine volume to allow a confirmation test if needed





# URINE SAMPLE COLLECTION: SPECIFIC GRAVITY

Doping Control Officers always test a urine sample's specific gravity – the measure used to determine whether a sample is concentrated enough to be tested in a laboratory.

#### Points to note:

- A specific gravity measurement lower than the requirement means another sample must be collected
- Athletes continue to provide a sample until they reach a suitable specific gravity measurement
- Don't drink too much too quickly, as you could end up with a diluted sample and will have to provide another
- Alcohol is not allowed in Doping Control





## **SPECIFIC GRAVITY**





### **BLOOD SAMPLE COLLECTION**



#### **KEY STEPS:**

- ✓ NOTIFICATION AND IDENTIFICATION

  Same as urine sample collection
- ✓ SELECTION OF TESTING KIT

  Same as urine sample collection
- ✓ REMAIN SEATED FOR 10 MINUTES
- ✓ BCO COLLECTS BLOOD SAMPLE Minimum of 3 ml and a maximum of 16 ml
- ✓ SEALING OF THE SAMPLE
- ✓ COMPLETION OF THE DOPING CONTROL FORM & SIGNATURE Same as urine sample collection











ATHLETE NOTIFICATION



SAMPLE COLLECTION





CHAIN OF CUSTODY



OF LAB

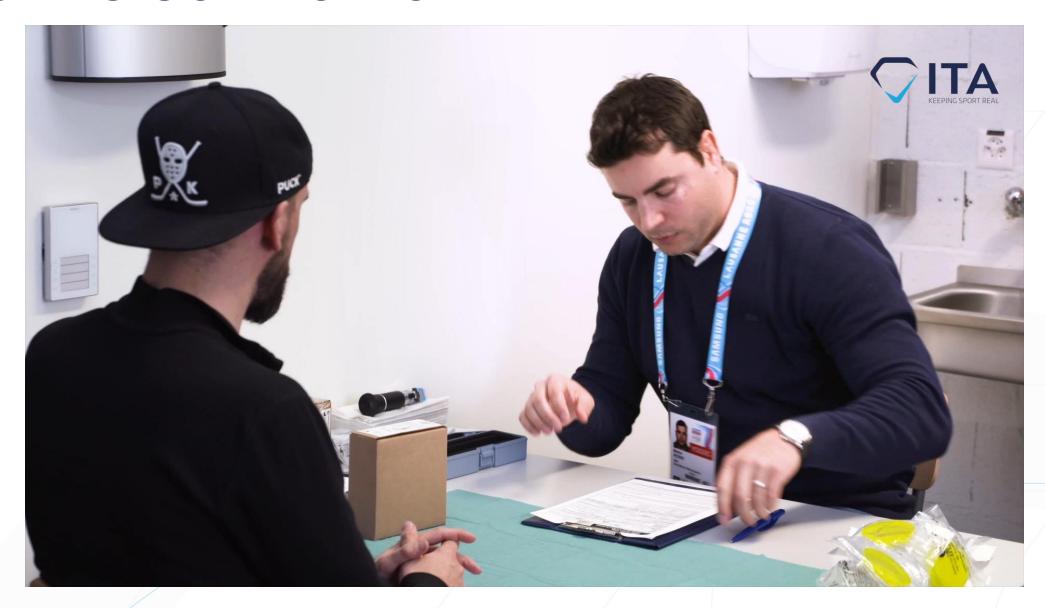
ON ANALYSIS



RESULTS MANAGEMENT

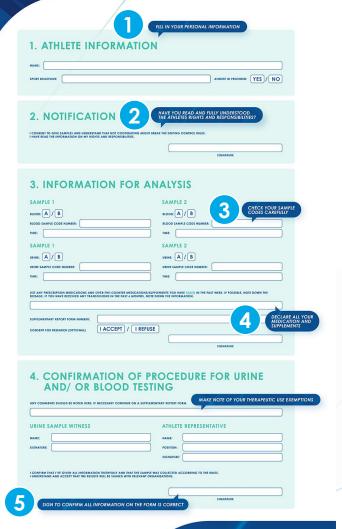
## DOPING CONTROL FORM





#### DOPING CONTROL FORM







1 FILL IN YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION

TAKE THE TIME TO READ THE ATHLETE RIGHTS
AND RESPONSIBILITIES

3 CHECK SAMPLE CODES CAREFULLY

DECLARE ALL MEDICATIONS AND SUPPELEMENTS
AND MAKE NOTE OF ANY THERAPEUTIC USE
EXEMPTIONS

REVIEW THE FORM TO MAKE SURE THAT ALL THE INFORMATION IS CORRECT AND SIGN.
NOTE ANY COMMENTS.









ATHLETE NOTIFICATION



SAMPLE COLLECTION



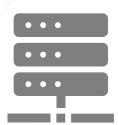
FORM COMPLETION



CHAIN OF CUSTODY



LAB ANALYSIS



RESULTS MANAGEMENT

### WHAT HAPPENS TO MY SAMPLE?





Collected samples are securely packaged



Samples are sent to a WADA-accredited laboratory for analysis



The transportation is tracked and monitored by a chain of custody procedures to ensure security

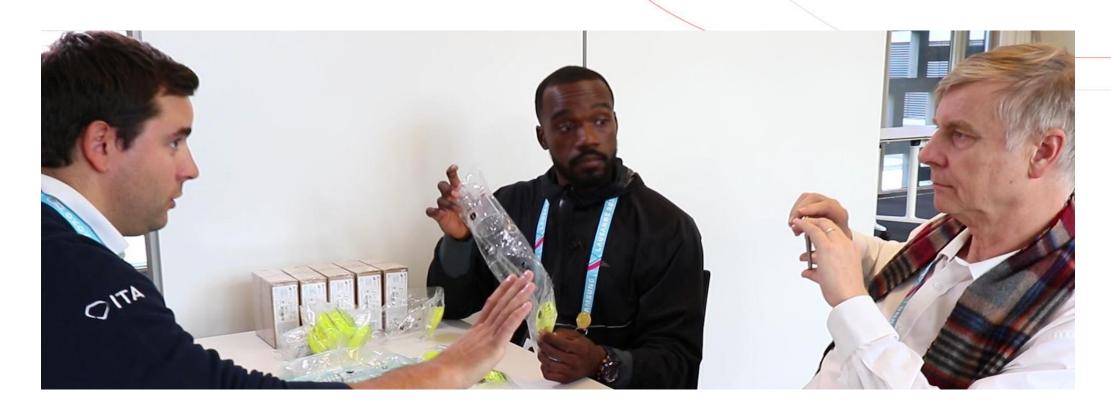


Blood samples are always placed in a cool box with the temperature logger

## ADVICE FOR ACCOMPANYING PERSONS



- Athlete Support Personnel play a key role in creating a supportive environment for the athlete
- Athlete Support Personnel have a right and a responsibility to write comments on the Doping Control Form







## POLL QUESTION 4

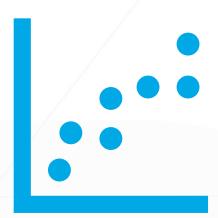
What does ABP stand for? Choose the correct response.

- □Antibodies blood portal
- □ Athlete Biological Passport
- □ Analytical Biomarker Port
- □ Athlete Biochemistry Passport
- □ Anti-Doping Biological Passport

## ATHLETE BIOLOGICAL PASSPORT (ABP)



- ABP was introduced in 2009 and established as a pillar method in detection of doping
- ABP is an individual electronic profile that monitors selected athlete biological variables
  - Contains athlete urine and blood sample results which are tracked
  - Any significant variation from normal can be assessed for possible manipulation
- ABP monitors biological variables that indirectly reveal the effects of doping over time
- ABPs are integrated into ADAMS, the Anti-Doping Administration & Management System



#### IN SUMMARY...



- **✓**
- Athletes should know and exercise their rights and responsibilities in the Doping Control process this includes the right to request a delay for a valid reason and other modifications to the process.
- **~**
- Athletes should always follow the instructions of the Chaperone, Doping Control Officer and Blood Collection Officer. Athletes should also feel free to ask any questions during this process!
- **✓**
- Athletes who are unable to provide enough urine or provide a sample that is diluted will be asked to provide additional samples.
- **✓**
- Athletes must complete the Doping Control form correctly and double check all the details especially the sample codes!





- Arabic
- ✓ Chinese
- ✓ English
- ✓ French
- ✓ German
- ✓ Italian

- ✓ Japanese
- ✓ Korean
- Portuguese
- ✓ Russian
- ✓ Spanish



#### **USEFUL RESOURCES**



- WADA Anti-doping Education and Learning (ADEL)
- What to expect from the Doping
  Control Process (SIA)
- International Standard for Testing and Investigations
- ✓ ITA ABP Administration
- WADA ABP Overview

